## **Edmonton Composite Assessment Review Board**

Citation: CVG v The City of Edmonton, 2013 ECARB 01785

**Assessment Roll Number:** 4115325

Municipal Address: 15310 112 Avenue NW

Assessment Year: 2013

**Assessment Type:** Annual New

Between:

**CVG** 

Complainant

and

## The City of Edmonton, Assessment and Taxation Branch

Respondent

# DECISION OF Tom Eapen, Presiding Officer Jack Jones, Board Member Robert Kallir, Board Member

## **Procedural Matters**

[1] Upon questioning by the Presiding Officer the parties before the Board stated that they had no objection to the Board's composition. In addition, the Board Members stated that they had no bias with respect to this file.

# **Preliminary Matters**

[2] There were no preliminary matters.

### Background

[3] The subject property is a 20,771 square foot, multi-tenant office / warehouse building. It was built in 1989 and is located in the High Park Industrial neighbourhood. The subject property has been assessed for 2013 using the direct sales comparison approach to valuation.

#### Issue

[4] Is the 2013 assessment of the subject property at \$2,695,500 fair and equitable?

#### Legislation

- [5] The *Municipal Government Act*, **RSA 2000**, **c M-26**, reads:
  - s 1(1)(n) "market value" means the amount that a property, as defined in section 284(1)(r), might be expected to realize if it is sold on the open market by a willing seller to a willing buyer;
  - s 289(1) Assessments for all property in a municipality, other than linear property, must be prepared by the assessor appointed by the municipality.
  - (2) Each assessment must reflect
    - (a) the characteristics and physical condition of the property on December 31 of the year prior to the year in which a tax is imposed under Part 10 in respect of the property, and
  - (b) the valuation and other standards set out in the regulations for that property.
  - s 293(1) In preparing an assessment, the assessor must, in a fair and equitable manner,
    - (a) apply the valuation and other standards set out in the regulations, and
    - (b) follow the procedures set out in the regulations.
  - s 467(1) An assessment review board may, with respect to any matter referred to in section 460(5), make a change to an assessment roll or tax roll or decide that no change is required.
  - s 467(3) An assessment review board must not alter any assessment that is fair and equitable, taking into consideration
    - (a) the valuation and other standards set out in the regulations,
    - (b) the procedures set out in the regulations, and
  - (c) the assessments of similar property or businesses in the same municipality.
- [6] The Matters Relating to Assessment and Taxation Regulation, Alta Reg 220/2004 (MRAT) reads:
  - s 2 An assessment of property based on market value
    - (a) must be prepared using mass appraisal,
    - (b) must be an estimate of the value of the fee simple estate in the property, and

- c) must reflect typical market conditions for properties similar to that property.
- s 3 Any assessment prepared in accordance with the Act must be an estimate of the value of a property on July 1 of the assessment year.

### Position of the Complainant

- [7] The Complainant presented evidence (Exhibit C-1) and argument for the Board's review and consideration.
- [8] The Complainant presented seven sales and equity comparables (Exhibit C-1, page 1) in support of a requested reduction in the 2013 assessment of the subject property from \$129.77 to \$90.00 per square foot.
- [9] The Complainant stated that the best comparables to the subject property were numbers 4 and 7. The site coverage for these two properties was 24% and 31% compared to the site coverage of the subject property at 26%. The time-adjusted sale price for these comparables was \$79.63 and \$93.28 per square foot. The 2013 assessment for comparable 4 was \$117.45 per square foot and the assessment for 7 was not presented.
- [10] The Complainant critiqued the Respondent's sales comparables (Exhibit R-1, page 20) noting that the subject property had no office space whereas a typical building would have 10% to 15% office space. The Respondent's sale comparable #6 has a significant amount of office space (36%) and sales 5 and 6 are located in the southeast, which is acknowledged to be a more desirable market area than that of the subject property.
- [11] In summary the Complainant requested that the 2013 assessment of the subject property be reduced from \$2,695,500 to \$1,869,000.

#### **Position of the Respondent**

- [12] The Respondent presented evidence (Exhibit R-1) and argument for the Board's review and consideration.
- [13] The Respondent outlined the mass appraisal methodology for valuing properties in the industrial inventory as well as the factors affecting value (Exhibit R-1, pages 4 to 14). The Respondent indicated that the main factors affecting value in warehouse properties in descending order are: Main Floor Area, Site Coverage, Effective Age, Condition and Location.
- [14] In support of the 2013 assessment of the subject property at \$129.77 per square foot the Respondent presented six sales comparables (Exhibit R-1, page 20). The site coverage of these six comparable properties ranged from 19% to 36% compared to the site coverage of the subject property at 26%. The time-adjusted sales price for these comparables ranged from \$123.82 to \$161.86 per square foot.
- [15] The Respondent also presented a critique of the Complainants sales comparables (Exhibit R-1, page 20) stating that four of the seven sales comparables (1, 5, 6, & 7) were problematic and

should not be considered as valid sales for comparison purposes. The support for this critique was provided in Exhibit R-1, pages 26 to 36. The Respondent noted that the remaining three sales presented by the Complainant (2, 3 & 4) were much older than the subject property and numbers 2 and 3 had twice the site coverage of the subject.

- [16] The Respondent also presented seven equity comparables (Exhibit R-1, page 37) in support of the 2013 assessment of the subject property. These assessments ranged in value from \$117.78 to \$168.55 per square foot and in site coverage from 19% to 28%.
- [17] In summary the Respondent requested that the 2013 assessment of the subject property be confirmed at \$2,695,500.

#### **Decision**

[18] The decision of the Board is to confirm the 2013 assessment of the subject property at \$2,695,500 as fair and equitable.

### **Reasons for the Decision**

- [19] After review and consideration of the evidence and argument presented by both parties the Board finds the 2013 assessment of the subject property at \$2,695,500 to be appropriate.
- [20] Two of the comparables provided by the Complainant were critiqued by the Respondent as they were classed as non-arm's length transactions, one was classed as a duress sale and one had a different property classification than the subject property and as such these comparables were problematic as far as being comparable to the subject property.
- [21] In reviewing the sales comparables presented by the Complainant (Exhibits C-1, page 1 & R-1, page 20) the Board noted that after the four sales critiqued as questionable by the Respondent were removed, the remaining sales lacked comparability to the subject property with respect to site coverage and age.
- [22] The Board placed greatest weight on the sales comparables presented by the Respondent as they were similar to the subject property with respect to size, site coverage, age, condition and location and supported the 2013 assessment of the subject property at \$129.77 per square foot. The Board finds that the lack of office space in the subject property is reflected in a lower unit value than the comparables presented.
- [23] In addition the Board found that the equity comparables presented by the Respondent (Exhibit R-1, page 37) were similar to the subject property with respect to size, site coverage, age, condition and location and provided further support for the 2013 assessment of the subject property.
- [24] At an assessment appeal, as determined in *Calgary (City) v Alberta (Municipal Government Board) 2010* ABQB 719, the ultimate burden of proof or onus rests with the Appellant to convince the Board that their argument, facts, and evidence are more credible than those of the Respondent.

[25] The Board finds that the 2013 assessment of the subject property at \$2,695,500 is fair and equitable.

## **Dissenting Opinion**

[26] There was no dissenting opinion.

Heard commencing November 5, 2013.

Dated this 28<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2013, at the City of Edmonton, Alberta.

Tom Eapen, Presiding Officer

## Appearances:

Tom Janzen, Canadian Valuation Group for the Complainant

Cherie Skolney, Assessor, City of Edmonton Joel Schmaus, Assessor, City of Edmonton for the Respondent

This decision may be appealed to the Court of Queen's Bench on a question of law or jurisdiction, pursuant to Section 470(1) of the Municipal Government Act, RSA 2000, c M-26.